



New Resiliency Challenges – How to Use Smart Grid Technologies to Meet Them

*National Summit on
Smart Grid and Climate Change*

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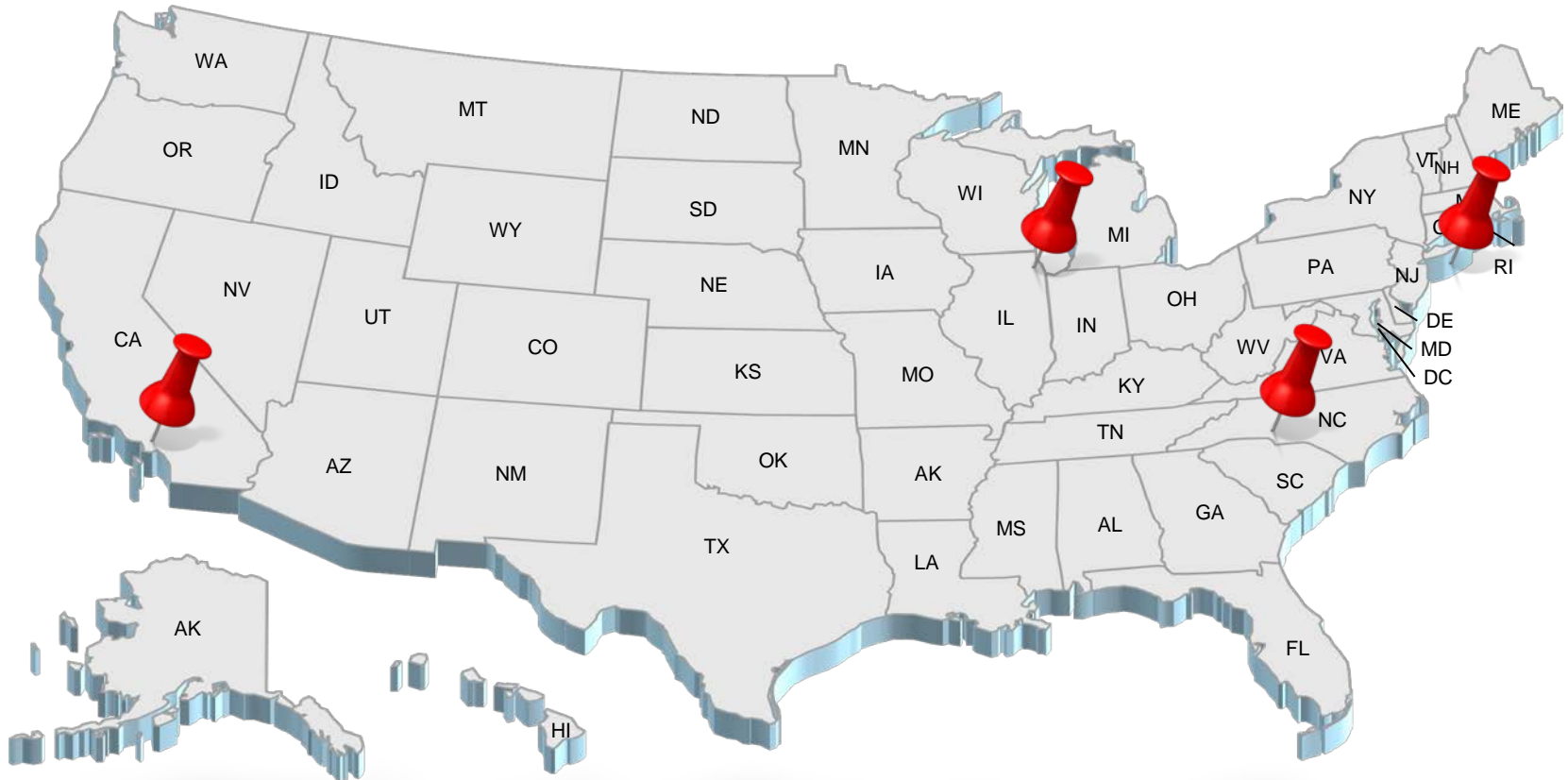
Why Distribution Grid Resiliency?

Recent Events

| Year | Event Name | Outages | Location | Damage (\$ Million) |
|------|------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 2012 | Sandy | 8,500,000 | Northeast US | ~100,000 |
| 2012 | Derecho | 4,200,000 | Mid-Atlantic | 4,000 |
| 2011 | Irene | 6,400,000 | Eastern US | 10,000 |
| 2011 | Blizzard | 650,000 | Mid-Atlantic | 1,800 |
| 2009 | Ice Storm | 2,000,000 | Midwest | 700 |
| 2008 | Ice Storm | 1,700,000 | Northeast | 80 |
| 2008 | Ike | 1,000,000 | Gulf Coast | 29,500 |
| 2008 | Gustav | 1,300,000 | Gulf Coast | 7,000 |
| 2007 | Ice Storm | 900,000 | Midwest | 200 |
| 2007 | Wildfires | 600,000 | California | 2,500 |
| 2006 | Wind Storm | 1,800,000 | Pacific Northwest | 220 |
| 2005 | Katrina | 2,000,000 | Gulf Coast | 100,000 |
| 2005 | Rita | 1,300,000 | Gulf Coast | 12,000 |

40 million outages
Costing \$270 Billion

Subject Matter Workshops



System Resiliency

Terminology

Prevention



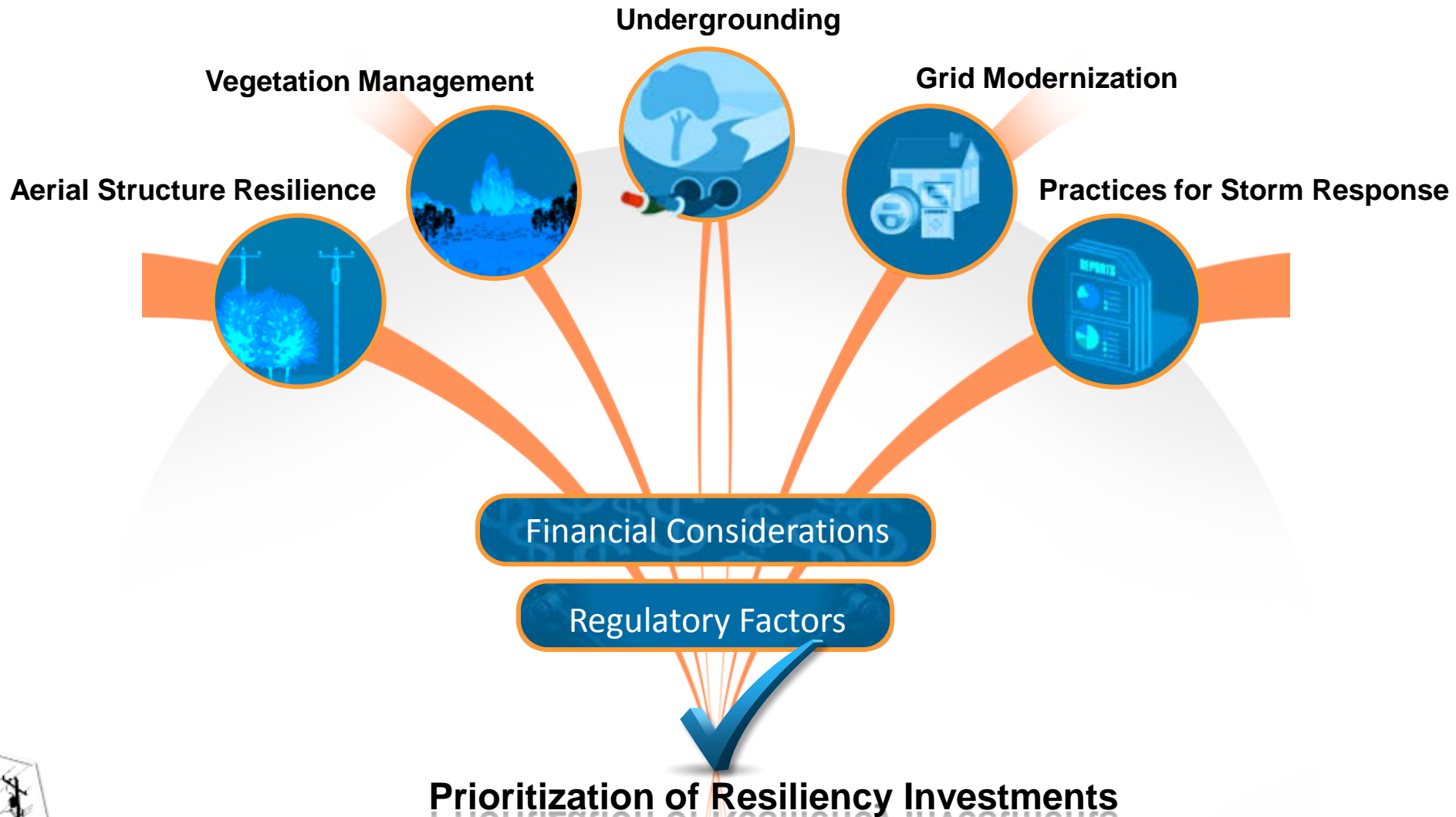
Recovery



Survivability



Distribution Grid Resiliency Project Tasks



Damage Example



Preliminary Data from One Utility

Major Event Day (MED) Results



- 64% of outage events on the distribution system were from trees (sample of 926 events)
 - 30% Tree falls, healthy (79% fell from more than 20' from the line)
 - 21% Tree falls, defective (85% fell from more than 20' from the line)
 - 20% Tree limb, healthy
 - 10% Tree falls, dead
 - 19% Other tree issues
- For every 1 pole broken, there were 5.9 cases of trees removed without significant damage.

Modified Conductor Attachment

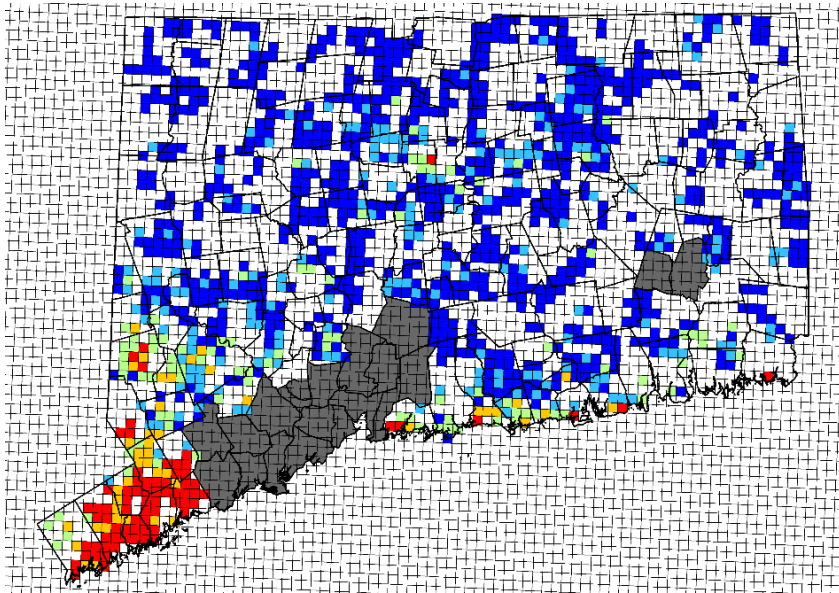


Vegetation Management

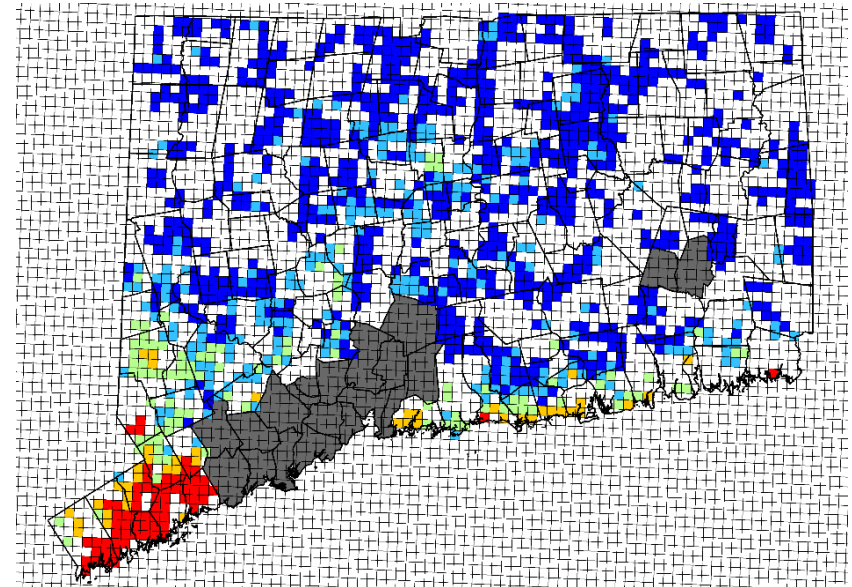
EPRI-Funded Research by UCONN



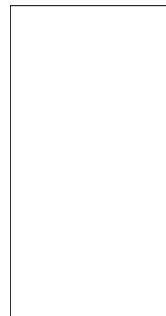
- Current Damage Prediction Model Accuracy (trouble spots)



Actual Hurricane Sandy Damage (8,688 TS)



Calibration – SMT Linear Decay Model (8,615 TS)



EPRI Distribution Grid Resiliency

DGR Task 3: Undergrounding



- Document practices
- Perform Updated OH vs UG Analysis
 - Identify Cost/Reliability Drivers
 - Opportunities for targeted undergrounding
- New technologies / installation approaches
- Summarize costs, resiliency benefits

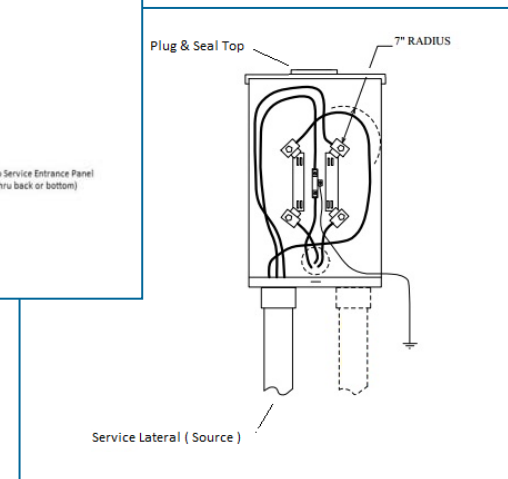
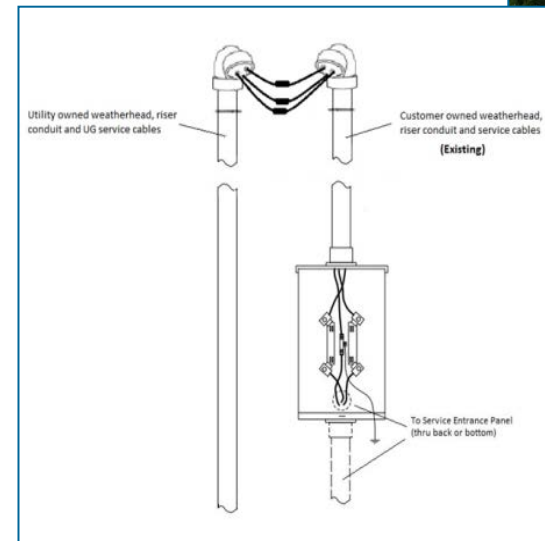


Undergrounding

Customer side challenges



- Construction costs may not include customer costs
- Customer buy in required
- Costs to convert a service entrance may be expensive
- Seek to devise and test options for the utility to promote and keep customer costs down

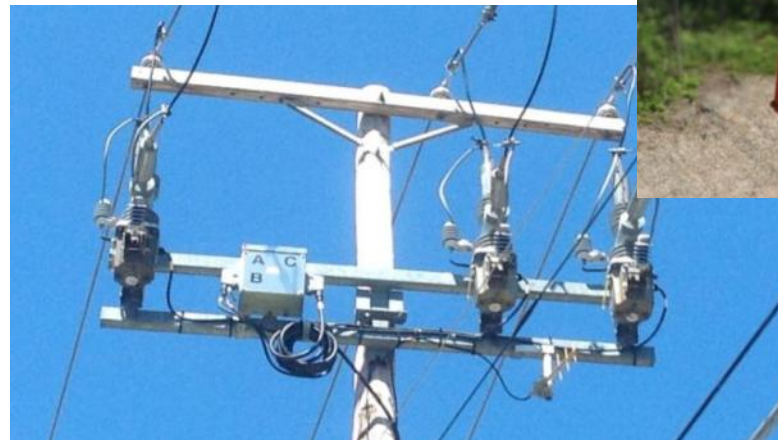


EPRI Distribution Grid Resiliency

Task 4: Modern Grid Technology



- Technology focus:
 - Distribution Automation
 - Automated Metering
 - Advanced Sensing
 - Outage Management System



EPRI Distribution Grid Resiliency

Task 5: Storm Response Practices



Identify, document and share leading practices for major storm response

- Gather and document practices
- Identify noteworthy practices and lessons learned
- Develop industry database
- Workshop(s)

Major event preparedness

Major event management

Damage assessment

ETR's

Customer communication



Comparing Strategies to assist in Prioritization



| Resiliency Improvement Strategy | Cost / unit | Improvement in Broken Poles |
|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Stronger poles - upgrade class to class 2 | \$40000 / Mile | 80% improvement |
| Vegetation Management | \$25000 / mile (medium tree density) | 20% improvement |
| Underground facilities | \$1,200,000 / mile (Suburban) | 100% improvement |



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